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AFFILIATE OFFICE MUMBAI, INDIA

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM

March 16, 2017

By ECFS

Marlene Dortch, Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, SW Washington, DC 20554

> Re: <u>Easy Telephone Services Company Petition for Designation as a</u> Lifeline Broadband Provider; WC Docket Nos. 09-197, 11-42

Dear Ms. Dortch:

Easy Telephone Services Company (Easy or the Company) by and through the undersigned counsel, hereby submits this letter regarding its pending Petition for Streamlined Designation as a Lifeline Broadband Provider (LBP) Eligible Telecommunications Carrier (ETC) (Petition).¹ Specifically, this letter is intended to:

1. Request that the Wireline Competition Bureau (Bureau) delineate a path forward for Easy to offer Lifeline broadband services by treating Easy's Petition as a request for designation as a wireless Lifeline-only ETC² and request for Compliance Plan approval,³ and granting the petition no later than April 3, 2017 (the deadline for the

¹ Easy Telephone Services Company Petition for Streamlined Designation as a Lifeline Broadband Provider Eligible Telecommunications Carrier, WC Docket No. 09-197 (filed Oct. 3, 2016).

² Alternatively, Easy requests LBP designation by the Bureau, including a designation that is limited to the three federal ETC jurisdictions identified in the Petition and which confers upon Easy approved Compliance Plan status, no later than April 3, 2017. Easy is prepared to move forward with Lifeline broadband offerings as set forth in the Petition, including bundled broadband service offerings that include voice.

³ As explained below, confirmation by the Bureau that approval of the Petition also serves as approval of an Easy Compliance Plan is consistent with the Lifeline Modernization Order and

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Bureau to act on Easy's LBP Petition pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Lifeline Modernization Order⁴);

- 2. Limit the Petition to request ETC designation in Alabama, Florida, and Texas. Easy also removes from its request areas within these jurisdictions that fall exclusively within federally recognized Tribal lands; and
- 3. Clarify the proposed Lifeline service plans for which Easy seeks approval from the Commission.

Easy submits that these actions are consistent with the Federal Communications Commission's (Commission's) rules and orders for the Lifeline program, and therefore respectfully requests that the Bureau grant its Petition, as modified by this letter, as soon as possible, but no later than April 3, 2017.

Company Background

Easy is an established provider of wireless telecommunications services. The Company has provided local and long distance voice services, without interruption, for over 15 years, broadband service for four years and Lifeline services since 2010. Easy's Lifeline broadband service offering is the culmination of the Company's extensive experience in providing essential communications services to underserved communities. The vast majority of Easy's subscribers receive a smartphone at enrollment, many of whom have been relying on Easy's services for some time to provide reliable access to broadband services. Easy's enrollment strategy is based on traditional retail principles. In Oklahoma, for example, the Company enrolls its subscribers, sells top-ups, and provides customer service through 34 brick and mortar stores and 12 permanent kiosks, one of the largest store footprints in the State. It also performs regular outreach events staffed by full-time employees, thereby allowing the Company to reach the communities that benefit the most from Lifeline.

Treatment of the Petition as a Request for ETC Designation and Compliance Plan Approval

In reliance on the streamlined LBP designation process adopted in the Lifeline Modernization Order, Easy invested significant resources to facilitate a rapid and smooth rollout of its Lifeline broadband services upon approval of its Petition. As such, the Company was

will allow Easy to spur competition in the national market for Lifeline services by seeking additional ETC designations from individual state regulatory commissions.

⁴ See Lifeline and Link Up Reform and Modernization, WC Docket No. 11-42, Third Report and Order, Further Report and Order, and Order on Reconsideration, FCC 16-38, ¶ 281 (rel. Apr. 27, 2016) (Lifeline Modernization Order) (establishing that "the Bureau shall act on [LBP petitions that do not meet the criteria for streamlined processing] within six months of the submission of a completed filing").

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discouraged by the decision by the Bureau to remove its Petition from streamlined processing. Nevertheless, Easy intends to move forward with its plans to offer Lifeline broadband services, and therefore is requesting that the Bureau treat its Petition as a request for limited designation as a Lifeline-only wireless ETC.

Easy also respectfully requests that the Bureau confirm that approval of the Petition will also serve as approval of an Easy Compliance Plan.⁵ With approved Compliance Plan status, Easy can then seek to expand its innovative Lifeline service offerings to additional states by applying for similar wireless Lifeline-only ETC designations on a state-by-state basis in accordance with the requirements set forth by each state.

As stated in the Petition, Easy commits to complying with the Lifeline Modernization Order and all other requirements set forth in the Lifeline rules. Additionally, in the future, Easy will implement any subsequent rule changes as of their effective date.

Limitation of the Petition to Three Federal ETC States

At this time, in order to begin the process of providing service to low-income consumers across the country, Easy needs the Bureau to expeditiously approve its Petition in the states of Alabama, Florida, and Texas.⁶ Each of these states has provided an affirmative statement to the Commission that it does not assert jurisdiction over wireless resellers for the purpose of Lifeline-only ETC designation. Copies of those statements are attached as **Exhibit A**. To assuage any potential concerns about infringing on Tribal sovereignty, Easy hereby modifies its Petition to exclude all federally recognized Tribal lands within these states.⁷ Therefore, it cannot be argued that a copy of Easy's Petition must be provided to any Tribal authorities pursuant to section 54.202(c) of the Commission's rules.

⁵ Easy respectfully submits that the Petition, because originally filed as an LBP request, satisfies the "designation criteria [which the Commission deemed] sufficient to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse in the program, so a separate obligation to obtain approval for a compliance plan is not necessary." Lifeline Modernization Order, ¶ 281, n.739. As such, in connection with this request, Easy is willing to withdraw its currently pending Compliance Plan if approved compliance plan status is granted as part of its federal ETC or LBP grant.

⁶ Easy provided as an attachment to the Petition a list of zip codes in each of these three states which it can serve pursuant to its agreements with its underlying service providers.

⁷ To the extent that any of the zip codes included in this list fall partially in a federally recognized Tribal land, Easy will not serve the area within those federally recognized Tribal lands

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Easy's Proposed Lifeline Service Plans

Easy's Petition included both Tribal and non-Tribal proposed Lifeline service plans. To clarify, because Easy is no longer requesting authority to provide Lifeline service in federally recognized Tribal lands, the Company is requesting approval for a plan which would provide Lifeline subscribers with 500 MB of data, 25 voice minutes, and 500 text messages each month at no cost to the subscriber. The Company understands that it must continue to comply with any future additions to or amendments of the Lifeline rules and will revise its offerings as necessary to comply, in the future, with updated service standards. To be clear, Easy intends to include a voice component in all of its Lifeline plans. Thus, Easy is not seeking forbearance from the Commission's requirement to provide all supported services, including voice services.

To maximize choice, subscribers also will have the option of purchasing additional voice and/or data top ups for as little as \$4.95. These supplemental top-up packages will be available for purchase at Easy's website and the Company's 34 brick and mortar stores and 12 permanent kiosks in Oklahoma. The availability of top-up data in affordable increments will give subscribers the flexibility to tailor their services to meet changing needs. Additionally, Easy will provide Lifeline-eligible subscribers a Wi-Fi enabled smartphone at no cost. The Company also will offer for purchase hotspot-capable devices.

* * *

⁸ See Lifeline Modernization Order ¶ 93; 47 C.F.R. §§ 54.408(a)(2), (b)(2)(ii), (c).

 $^{^9\,}$ Lifeline Modernization Order ¶ 296.

Marlene Dortch March 16, 2017 Page Five

For all of the above-stated reasons, Easy respectfully requests that the Bureau grant its Petition, at least for the three federal ETC jurisdictions identified above, as soon as possible, but no later than April 3, 2017.

Respectfully submitted,

John Steitmann

John J. Heitmann

Jennifer R. Wainwright Kelley Drye & Warren LLP 3050 K Street, NW, Suite 400 Washington, DC 20007 (202) 342-8400

jheitmann@kelleydrye.com

Counsel to Easy Telephone Services Company



Alabama Public Service Commission

Orders

PINE BELT CELLULAR, INC. and PINE BELT PCS, INC.,

Joint Petitioners

PETITION: For ETC status and/or clarification regarding the jurisdiction of the Commission to grant ETC status to wireless carriers.

DOCKET U-4400

ORDER

BY THE COMMISSION:

In a joint pleading submitted on September 11, 2001, Pine Belt Cellular, Inc. and Pine Belt PCS, Inc. (collectively referred to as "Pine Belt") each notified the Commission of their desire to be designated as universal service eligible telecommunications carriers ("ETCs") for purposes of providing wireless ETC service in certain of the non-rural Alabama wireline service territories of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth") and Verizon South, Inc. ("Verizon"). The Pine Belt companies noted their affiliation with Pine Belt Telephone Company, a provider of wireline telephone service in rural Alabama, but clarified that they exclusively provide cellular telecommunications and personal communications (collectively referred to as "CMRS" or "wireless") services in their respective service areas in Alabama in accordance with licenses granted by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC"). The pivotal issue raised in the joint pleading of Pine Belt companies is whether the Commission will assert jurisdiction in this matter given the wireless status of the Pine Belt companies.

As noted in the filing of the Pine Belt companies, state Commissions have primary responsibility for the designation of eligible telecommunications carriers in their respective jurisdictions for universal service purposes pursuant to 47 USC §214(e). The Commission indeed established guidelines and requirements for attaining ETC status in this jurisdiction pursuant to notice issued on October 31, 1997.

For carriers not subject to state jurisdiction, however, §214(e)(6) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 provides that the FCC shall, upon request, designate such carriers as ETCs in non-rural

service territories if said carriers meet the requirements of §214(e)(1). In an FCC Public Notice released December 29, 1997 (FCC 97-419) entitled "Procedures for FCC designation of Eligible Telecommunications Carriers pursuant to §214(e)(6) of the Telecommunications Act", the FCC required each applicant seeking ETC designation from the FCC to provide, among other things, "a certification and brief statement of supporting facts demonstrating that the Petitioner is not subject to the jurisdiction of a state Commission."

The Pine Belt companies enclosed with their joint pleading completed ETC application forms as developed by the Commission. In the event the Commission determines that it does not have jurisdiction to act on the Pine Belt request for ETC status, however, the Pine Belt companies seek an affirmative written statement from the Commission indicating that the Commission lacks jurisdiction to grant them ETC status as wireless carriers.

The issue concerning the APSC's jurisdiction over providers of cellular services, broadband personal communications services, and commercial mobile radio services is one that was rather recently addressed by the Commission. The Commission indeed issued a Declaratory Ruling on March 2, 2000, in Docket 26414 which concluded that as the result of certain amendments to the Code of Alabama, 1975 §40-21-120(2) and (1)(a) effectuated in June of 1999, the APSC has no authority to regulate, in any respect, cellular services, broadband personal communications services and commercial mobile radio services in Alabama. Given the aforementioned conclusions by the Commission, it seems rather clear that the Commission has no jurisdiction to take action on the Application of the Pine Belt companies for ETC status in this jurisdiction. The Pine Belt companies and all other wireless providers seeking ETC status should pursue their ETC designation request with the FCC as provided by 47 USC §214(e)(6).

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED BY THE COMMISSION, That the Commission's jurisdiction to grant Eligible Telecommunications Carrier status for universal service purposes does not extend to providers of cellular services, broadband personal communications services, and commercial mobile radio services. Providers of such services seeking Eligible Telecommunications Carrier status should accordingly pursue their requests through the Federal Communications Commission.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That this Order shall be effective as of the date hereof.

DONE at Montgomery, Alabama, this 12th day of March, 2002.

ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Jim Sullivan, President

STATE OF FLORIDA

COMMISSIONERS:
ART GRAHAM, CHAIRMAN
LISA POLAK EDGAR
RONALD A. BRISÉ
EDUARDO E. BALBIS
JULIE I. BROWN



GENERAL COUNSEL S, CURTIS KISER (850) 413-6199

Hublic Service Commission

October 24, 2011

Ms. Kasey C. Chow Lance J.M. Steinhart, P.C. Attorney At Law 1725 Windward Concourse Suite 150 Alpharetta, GA 30005

Re: Undocketed - Q Link Wireless LLC's ETC Designation

Dear Ms. Chow:

We received your October 18, 2011 letter advising that Q Link Wireless LLC, a commercial mobile radio service provider, wish to seek designation as an ETC in Florida. You also requested an affirmative statement that the Florida Public Service Commission no longer assert jurisdiction to designate commercial mobile radio service providers as eligible telecommunication carriers in Florida.

This letter acknowledges that the revisions to Chapter 364, Florida Statutes, changed the Commission's jurisdiction regarding telecommunications companies. I direct your attention to Chapter 364, Florida Statutes, for the proposition that the Federal Communications Commission, rather than this Commission is the appropriate agency to consider Q Link Wireless LLC's bid for ETC status.

Sincerely,

S. Curtis Kiser General Counsel

cc: Beth W. Salak, Director, Division of Regulatory Analysis

Robert J. Casey, Public Utilities Supervisor, Division of Regulatory Analysis

Adam J. Teitzman, Attorney Supervisor, Office of the General Counsel

Ann Cole, Commission Clerk, Office of Commission Clerk



Control Number: 40561



Item Number: 8

Addendum StartPage: 0

PROJECT NO. 40561

		2012 NOV 2	1	
RULEMAKING TO AMEND	§	2012 NOV 2 PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION	1 AM 11:3	7
SUBSTANTIVE RULE 26.418 RELATING TO DESIGNATION OF COMMON	§ §	OF TEXAS	with a	
CARRIERS AS ELIGIBLE	§			
TELECOMMUNICATIONS CARRIERS	§			
TO RECEIVE FEDERAL UNIVERSAL SERVICE FUNDS	8 §			

ORDER ADOPTING AMENDMENT TO §26.418 AS APPROVED AT THE NOVEMBER 16, 2012 OPEN MEETING

The Public Utility Commission of Texas (commission) adopts an amendment to §26.418, relating to Designation of Common Carriers as Eligible Telecommunications Carriers to Receive Federal Universal Service Funds, with no changes to the proposed text as published in the August 31, 2012, issue of the *Texas Register* (37 TexReg 6874). The amendment will exclude commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) resellers from eligibility for designation by the commission as an eligible telecommunications carrier (ETC). Instead, a CMRS reseller will be able to seek designation as an ETC by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). Project Number 40561 is assigned to this proceeding.

The commission did not receive any comments on the proposed amendment.

The amendment is adopted under the Public Utility Regulatory Act, Texas Utilities Code Annotated §14.002 (West 2007 and Supp. 2012) (PURA), which provides the commission with the authority to make and enforce rules reasonably required in the exercise of its powers and jurisdiction; and specifically §51.001, which provides that it is the policy of this state to promote diversity of telecommunications providers and interconnectivity; encourage a fully competitive

telecommunications marketplace; and maintain a wide availability of high quality interoperable, standards-based telecommunications services at affordable rates.

Cross Reference to Statutes: PURA §§14.002 and 51.001.

- §26.418. Designation of Common Carriers as Eligible Telecommunications Carriers to Receive Federal Universal Service Funds.
- (a) **Purpose.** This section provides the requirements for the commission to designate common carriers as eligible telecommunications carriers (ETCs) to receive support from the federal universal service fund (FUSF) pursuant to 47 United States Code (U.S.C.) §214(e) (relating to Provision of Universal Service). In addition, this section provides guidelines for rural and non-rural carriers to meet the federal requirements of annual certification for FUSF support criteria and, if requested or ordered, for the disaggregation of rural carriers' FUSF support.
- (b) Applicability. This section applies to a common carrier seeking designation as an ETC, except for commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) resellers. A CMRS reseller may not seek designation from the commission, but instead may seek designation as an ETC by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). This section also applies to a common carrier that has been designated by the commission as an ETC, including a CMRS reseller.
- (c) **Service areas.** The commission may designate ETC service areas according to the following criteria.
 - Non-rural service area. To be eligible to receive federal universal service support in non-rural areas, a carrier must provide federally supported services pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) §54.101 (relating to

- Supported Services for Rural, Insular, and High Cost Areas) throughout the area for which the carrier seeks to be designated an ETC.
- Rural service area. In the case of areas served by a rural telephone company, as defined in §26.404 of this title (relating to Small and Rural Incumbent Local Exchange Company (ILEC) Universal Service Plan), a carrier must provide federally supported services pursuant to 47 C.F.R. §54.101 throughout the study area of the rural telephone company in order to be eligible to receive federal universal service support.
- (d) Criteria for determination of ETCs. A common carrier shall be designated as eligible to receive federal universal service support if it:
 - offers the services that are supported by the federal universal service support mechanisms under 47 C.F.R. §54.101 either using its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and resale of another carrier's services; and
 - (2) advertises the availability of and charges for such services using media of general distribution.
- (e) Criteria for determination of receipt of federal universal service support. In order to receive federal universal service support, a common carrier must:
 - (1) meet the requirements of subsection (d) of this section;
 - offer Lifeline Service to qualifying low-income consumers in compliance with 47
 C.F.R. Part 54, Subpart E (relating to Universal Service Support for Low-Income Consumers); and

offer toll limitation services in accordance with 47 C.F.R. §54.400 (relating to Terms and Definitions) and §54.401 (relating to Lifeline Defined).

(f) Designation of more than one ETC.

- (1) Non-rural service areas. In areas not served by rural telephone companies, as defined in §26.404 of this title, the commission shall designate, upon application, more than one ETC in a service area so long as each additional carrier meets the requirements of subsection (c)(1) of this section and subsection (d) of this section.
- (2) Rural service areas. In areas served by rural telephone companies, as defined in \$26.404 of this title, the commission may designate as an ETC a carrier that meets the requirements of subsection (c)(2) of this section and subsection (d) of this section if the commission finds that the designation is in the public interest.

(g) Proceedings to designate ETCs.

- (1) At any time, a common carrier may seek commission approval to be designated an ETC for a requested service area.
- (2) In order to receive support under this section for exchanges purchased from an unaffiliated carrier, the acquiring ETC shall file an application, within 30 days after the date of the purchase, to amend its ETC service area to include those geographic areas that are eligible for support.
- (3) If an ETC receiving support under this section sells an exchange to an unaffiliated carrier, it shall file an application, within 30 days after the date of the sale, to

amend its ETC designation to exclude from its designated service area those exchanges for which it was receiving support.

- (h) Application requirements and commission processing of applications.
 - (1) Requirements for notice and contents of application.
 - Notice of application. Notice shall be published in the Texas Register. (A) The presiding officer may require additional notice. Unless otherwise required by the presiding officer or by law, the notice shall include at a minimum a description of the service area for which the applicant seeks eligibility, the proposed effective date of the designation, and the following statement: "Persons who wish to comment on this application should notify the Public Utility Commission of Texas by (specified date, Requests for further ten days before the proposed effective date). information should be mailed to the Public Utility Commission of Texas, P.O. Box 13326, Austin, Texas 78711-3326, or you may call the Public Utility Commission's Customer Protection Division at (512) 936-7120 or (888) 782-8477. Hearing- and speech-impaired individuals with text telephones (TTY) may contact the commission at (512) 936-7136, or use Relay Texas (800) 735-2989 to reach the commission's toll free number (888) 782-8477."
 - (B) Contents of application for each common carrier seeking ETC designation.

 A common carrier that seeks to be designated as an ETC shall file with the commission an application complying with the requirements of this

section. In addition to copies required by other commission rules, one copy of the application shall be delivered to the commission's Regulatory Division and one copy shall be delivered to the Office of Public Utility Counsel. The application shall:

- show that the applicant offers each of the services that are supported by the FUSF support mechanisms under 47 U.S.C. §254(c) (relating to Universal Service) either using its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and resale of another carrier's services throughout the service area for which it seeks designation as an ETC;
- show that the applicant assumes the obligation to offer each of the services that are supported by the FUSF support mechanisms under 47 U.S.C. §254(c) to any consumer in the service area for which it seeks designation as an ETC;
- (iii) show that the applicant advertises the availability of, and charges for, such services using media of general distribution;
- (iv) show the service area in which the applicant seeks designation as an ETC;
- (v) contain a statement detailing the method and content of the notice the applicant has provided or intends to provide to the public regarding the application and a brief statement explaining why the proposed notice is reasonable and in compliance with applicable law;

- (vi) contain a copy of the text of the notice;
- (vii) contain the proposed effective date of the designation; and
- (viii) contain any other information which the applicant wants considered in connection with the commission's review of its application.
- (C) Contents of application for each common carrier seeking ETC designation and receipt of federal universal service support. A common carrier that seeks to be designated as an ETC and receive federal universal service support shall file with the commission an application complying with the requirements of this section. In addition to copies required by other commission rules, one copy of the application shall be delivered to the commission staff and one copy shall be delivered to the Office of Public Utility Counsel. The application shall:
 - (i) comply with the requirements of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph;
 - (ii) show that the applicant offers Lifeline Service to qualifying low-income consumers in compliance with 47 C.F.R. Part 54, Subpart E; and
 - (iii) show that the applicant offers toll limitation services in accordance with 47 C.F.R. §54.400 and §54.401.

(2) Commission processing of application.

(A) Administrative review. An application considered under this section may be reviewed administratively unless the presiding officer, for good cause,

determines at any point during the review that the application should be docketed.

- (i) The effective date shall be no earlier than 30 days after the filing date of the application or 30 days after notice is completed, whichever is later.
- officer concludes that material deficiencies exist in the application, the applicant shall be notified within ten working days of the filing date of the specific deficiency in its application. The earliest possible effective date of the application shall be no less than 30 days after the filing of a sufficient application with substantially complete information as required by the presiding officer. Thereafter, any deadlines shall be determined from the 30th day after the filing of the sufficient application and information or from the effective date if the presiding officer extends that date.
- (iii) While the application is being administratively reviewed, the commission staff and the staff of the Office of Public Utility Counsel may submit requests for information to the telecommunications carrier. Three copies of all answers to such requests for information shall be provided to the commission staff and the Office of Public Utility Counsel within ten days after receipt of the request by the telecommunications carrier.

- (iv) No later than 20 days after the filing date of the application or the completion of notice, whichever is later, interested persons may provide the commission staff with written comments or recommendations concerning the application. The commission staff shall and the Office of Public Utility Counsel may file with the presiding officer written comments or recommendations regarding the application.
- (v) No later than 35 days after the proposed effective date of the application, the presiding officer shall issue an order approving, denying, or docketing the application.
- (B) Approval or denial of application.
 - (i) An application filed pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection shall be approved by the presiding officer if the application meets the following requirements:
 - (I) the provision of service constitutes the services that are supported by the FUSF support mechanisms under 47 U.S.C. §254(c);
 - (II) the applicant will provide service using either its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and resale of another carrier's services;
 - (III) the applicant advertises the availability of, and charges for, such services using media of general distribution;
 - (IV) notice was provided as required by this section;

- (V) the applicant satisfies the requirements contained in subsection (c) of this section; and
- (VI) if, in areas served by a rural telephone company, the ETC designation is consistent with the public interest.
- (ii) An application filed pursuant to paragraph (1)(C) of this subsection shall be approved by the presiding officer if the application meets the following requirements:
 - (I) the applicant has satisfied the requirements set forth in clause (i) of this subparagraph;
 - (II) the applicant offers Lifeline Service to qualifying low-income consumers in compliance with 47 C.F.R. Part 54, Subpart E; and
 - (III) the applicant offers toll limitation services in accordance with 47 C.F.R. §54.400 and §54.401.
- (C) Docketing. If, based on the administrative review, the presiding officer determines that one or more of the requirements have not been met, the presiding officer shall docket the application.
- (D) Review of the application after docketing. If the application is docketed, the effective date of the application shall be automatically suspended to a date 120 days after the applicant has filed all of its direct testimony and exhibits, or 155 days after the proposed effective date, whichever is later. Three copies of all answers to requests for information shall be filed with the commission within ten days after receipt of the request. Affected

persons may move to intervene in the docket, and a hearing on the merits shall be scheduled. A hearing on the merits shall be limited to issues of eligibility. The application shall be processed in accordance with the commission's rules applicable to docketed cases.

- (E) Waiver. In the event that an otherwise ETC requests additional time to complete the network upgrades needed to provide single-party service, access to enhanced 911 service, or toll limitation, the commission may grant a waiver of these service requirements upon a finding that exceptional circumstances prevent the carrier from providing single-party service, access to enhanced 911 service, or toll limitation. The period for the waiver shall not extend beyond the time that the commission deems necessary for that carrier to complete network upgrades to provide single-party service, access to enhanced 911 service, or toll limitation services.
- (i) Designation of ETC for unserved areas. If no common carrier will provide the services that are supported by federal universal service support mechanisms under 47 U.S.C. §254(c) to an unserved community or any portion thereof that requests such service, the commission, with respect to intrastate services, shall determine which common carrier or carriers are best able to provide such service to the requesting unserved community or portion thereof and shall order such carrier or carriers to provide such service for that unserved community or portion thereof.

- (j) **Relinquishment of ETC designation.** A common carrier may seek to relinquish its ETC designation.
 - (1) Area served by more than one ETC. The commission shall permit a common carrier to relinquish its designation as an ETC in any area served by more than one ETC upon:
 - (A) written notification not less than 90 days prior to the proposed effective date that the common carrier seeks to relinquish its designation as an ETC;
 - (B) determination by the commission that the remaining eligible telecommunications carrier or carriers can offer federally supported services to the relinquishing carrier's customers; and
 - (C) determination by the commission that sufficient notice of relinquishment has been provided to permit the purchase or construction of adequate facilities by any remaining eligible telecommunications carrier or carriers.
 - (2) Area where the common carrier is the sole ETC. In areas where the common carrier is the only ETC, the commission may permit it to relinquish its ETC designation upon:
 - (A) written notification not less than 90 days prior to the proposed effective date that the common carrier seeks to relinquish its designation as an ETC; and
 - (B) commission designation of a new ETC for the service area or areas.

- (k) Rural and non-rural carriers' requirements for annual certification to receive FUSF support. A common carrier serving a rural or non-rural study area shall comply with the following requirements for annual certification for the receipt of FUSF support.
 - (1) Annual certification. Common carriers must provide the commission with an affidavit annually, on or before September 1st of each year, which certifies that the carrier is complying with the federal requirements for the receipt of FUSF support. Upon receipt and acceptance of the affidavits filed on or before September 1st each year, the commission will certify these carriers' eligibility for FUSF to the FCC and the Federal Universal Service Fund Administrator by October 1st each year.
 - (2) Failure to file. Common carriers failing to file an affidavit by September 1st may still be certified by the commission for annual FUSF. However, the carrier is ineligible for support until the quarter following the federal universal service administrator's receipt of the commission's supplemental submission of the carrier's compliance with the federal requirements.
 - (3) **Supplemental certification.** For carriers not subject to the annual certification process, the schedule set forth in 47 C.F.R. §54.313 and 47 C.F.R. §54.314(d) for the filing of supplemental certifications shall apply.
 - (4) Recommendation for Revocation of FUSF support certification. The commission may recommend the revocation of the FUSF support certification of any carrier that it determines has not complied with the federal requirements pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §254(e) and will review any challenge to a carrier's FUSF

support certification and make an appropriate recommendation as a result of any such review.

- (l) **Disaggregation of rural carriers' FUSF support.** Common carriers serving rural study areas must comply with the following requirements regarding disaggregation of FUSF support.
 - exchange carriers (ILECs) may notify the commission of one of the following elections regarding FUSF support. This election will remain in place for four years from the effective date of certification, pursuant to 47 C.F.R. §54.315, unless the commission, on its own motion, or upon the motion of the rural ILEC or an interested party, requires a change to the elected disaggregation plan:
 - (A) a rural ILEC may choose to certify to the commission that it will not disaggregate at this time;
 - (B) a rural ILEC may seek disaggregation of its FUSF support by filing a targeted plan with the commission that meets the criteria in paragraph (3) of this subsection, subject to the commission's approval of the plan;
 - (C) a rural ILEC may self-certify a disaggregation targeted plan that meets the criteria in paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, disaggregate support to the wire center level or up to no more than two cost zones, or mirror a plan for disaggregation that has received prior commission approval; or
 - (D) if the rural ILEC serves a study area that is served by another carrier designated as an ETC prior to the effective date of 47 C.F.R. §54.315,

(June 19, 2001), the ILEC may only self-certify the disaggregation of its FUSF support by adopting a plan for disaggregation that has received prior commission approval.

- Abstain from filing. If a rural ILEC abstains from filing an election on or before May 15, 2002, the carrier will not be permitted to disaggregate its FUSF support unless it is ordered to do so by the commission pursuant to the terms of paragraph (5) of this subsection.
- Requirements for rural ILECs' disaggregation plans. Pursuant to the federal requirements in 47 C.F.R. §54.315(e) a rural ILEC's disaggregation plan, whether submitted pursuant to paragraph (1)(B), (C) or (D) of this subsection, must meet the following requirements:
 - (A) the sum of the disaggregated annual support must be equal to the study area's total annual FUSF support amount without disaggregation;
 - (B) the ratio of the per line FUSF support between disaggregation zones for each disaggregated category of FUSF support shall remain fixed over time, except as changes are required pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection;
 - (C) the ratio of per line FUSF support shall be publicly available;
 - (D) the per line FUSF support amount for each disaggregated zone or wire center shall be recalculated whenever the rural ILEC's total annual FUSF support amount changes and revised total per line FUSF support and updated access line counts shall then be applied using the changed FUSF support amount and updated access line counts applicable at that point;

- (E) each support category complies with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph;
- (F) monthly payments of FUSF support shall be based upon the annual amount of FUSF support divided by 12 months if the rural ILEC's study area does not contain a competitive carrier designated as an ETC; and
- (G) a rural ILEC's disaggregation plan methodology and the underlying access line count upon which it is based will apply to any competitive carrier designated as an ETC in the study area.
- (4) Additional requirements for self-certification of a disaggregation plan.

 Pursuant to 47 C.F.R. §54.315(d)(2), a rural ILEC's self-certified disaggregation plan must also include the following items in addition to those items required by paragraph (3) of this subsection:
 - (A) support for, and a description of, the rationale used, including methods and data relied upon, as well as a discussion of how the plan meets the requirements in paragraph (3) of this subsection and this paragraph;
 - (B) a reasonable relationship between the cost of providing service for each disaggregation zone within each disaggregation category of support proposed;
 - (C) a clearly specified per-line level of FUSF support for each category pursuant to 47 C.F.R. §54.315(d)(2)(iii);
 - (D) if the plan uses a benchmark, a detailed explanation of the benchmark and how it was determined that is generally consistent with how the level of

- support for each category of costs was derived so that competitive ETCs may compare the disaggregated costs for each cost zone proposed; and
- (E) maps identifying the boundaries of the disaggregated zones within the study area.
- (5) **Disaggregation upon commission order.** The commission on its own motion or upon the motion of an interested party may order a rural ILEC to disaggregate FUSF support under the following criteria:
 - (A) the commission determines that the public interest of the rural study area is best served by disaggregation of the rural ILEC's FUSF support;
 - (B) the commission establishes the appropriate disaggregated level of FUSF support for the rural ILEC; or
 - (C) changes in ownership or changes in state or federal regulation warrant the commission's action.
- (6) Effective dates of disaggregation plans. The effective date of a rural ILEC's disaggregation plan shall be as specified in 47 C.F.R. §54.315.

This agency hereby certifies that the adoption has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be a valid exercise of the agency's legal authority. It is therefore ordered by the Public Utility Commission of Texas that §26.418 relating to Designation of Common Carriers as Eligible Telecommunications Carriers to Receive Federal Universal Service Funds, is hereby adopted with no changes to the text as proposed.

SIGNED AT AUSTIN, TEXAS on the 4 day of _____

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS

DONNA L. NELSON, CHAIRMAN

KENNETH W. ANDERSON, JR., COMMISSIONER

ROLANDO PABLOS, COMMISSIONER

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